

Role of Vocational Education in Strengthening Woman

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Abstract : The Vocational education strengthens the employment and economy of any country. Through vocational education, the women's group has to engage with the working group in India for better economy development. The Government of India has taken several effective measures to promote occupational training for women. This paper gives importance to vocational education for improving the productivity and standard of living of women. Women's participation increases competition with other countries. Women are potentially the most valuable resource with the most vibrant and dynamic segment. The technical and vocational education of women is based on the standard means of policy organization of UNESCO. Through 2014 Skill India; preparations have been made to train 500 million youth by 2022. With the spread of education and awareness, women have to be transported from kitchen to high level business activities. A conference on women's vocational education was held in May 1984 at Huddersfield Polytechnic. In Indian working economy, women's participate 24 percent of total work participation

Keywords- Vocational Education, Occupational Training, Employment, Economy

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INTRODUCTION

You educate a man, you educate a man.

You educate a woman, you educate a generation.

(Sedham Young)

The status of any nation can be ascertained by looking at the status of women.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru

In Hindu religious texts, a woman is said to be an incarnation of power, but in real life she is considered an 'abla'. Women have been dependent on men since the beginning, but changes in time and many education systems have changed this. In this, vocational education holds a very important place for women. This has raised the standard of living of women. In the absence of education, women fall behind in all areas of economic, social and cultural. By providing vocational education to girls and women, we can help them take it a step further so that they can work on their own and create their

own identity. Skills and knowledge are the driving force of social and economic development of any country. The economy can become more productive, latest and competitive through the existence of more efficient human capacity. Vocational education is a powerful weapon for women. Vocational education is used as a broad term to refer to aspects of the educational process in addition to knowledge related to general education, the study of technologies and related sciences, practical skills approaches, understanding and knowledge. Vocational education is designed to advance the general proficiency of individuals, especially in relation to present and future occupation. The campaign Beti Bachao Beti Padhao requires coordinated and convergent efforts for survival, protection and empowerment of girls, hence this campaign initiative was announced by the government. Through this initiative, the feticide of daughters has been reduced. It is being implemented as a national campaign by the Government of India. The campaign focuses on multi-sectoral action in 100 selected districts in CSR, covering all states and union territories. It is a joint initiative of Ministry of Women and Child Development, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare and Ministry of Human Resource Development.

OBJECTIVE

1. To investigate the outlook vocational education for women.
2. To examine Benefits of vocational education for women.

Research Methodology

This paper is basically descriptive and analytical in nature. This paper attempts to analyze how to strengthen the position of women through vocational education. Whatever study material has been used in this study is taken from purely secondary sources.

Review of Literature: A broad review of composing appropriate to the region of assessment is major as it puts the investigation gather in its real perspective by demonstrating the proportion of work recently done. This would help in construing academic and rational responses for the issue using sensible strategies and understanding of the work done as such far. The survey light up different focuses on idea of Vocational Education for Strengthening Woman in India.

Tauffiq Ahamad, Ambalika Sinha, Rajesh Kumar Shastri – The authors in his paper discussed about womens work participation. They argued that status of women through vocational education and skill development. It has to establish its supremacy in society with the fundamental rights of women. Labor and employment have been promoted through various measures of the government. The main objective of this paper is the advancement of women in various fields within the framework of a democratic polity, our laws, development, policies, plans and programs. In conclusion it can be said that this paper focuses on women's vocational education and skill development. But due to lack of economic freedom and illiteracy, women are still backward. Therefore, there is a need to improve the condition of women. There is a need to recognize the diverse roles of women such as community management and fertility producers.

Dr.(Smt) Rajeshwari M.Shetter (2015) This paper highlights the current status of women in India and the issues and challenges of women empowerment. Currently, the Government of India has implemented more than 34 schemes for women. The greatest need of the times is a change of social outlook for women. In conclusion, it can be said that changes in employment, education and social structure are the only enabling factors for women empowerment. Government initiative will not be sufficient to fully empower women. First of all, society should take the initiative to create an environment in which there is no gender discrimination and women have full opportunities to take self-determination and participate in the political, social and economic life of the country.

Scope of Future Research

Various initiatives are being taken to improve the vocational education and career prospects of women and girls across the country. But the limitations and problems still remain. But in the future, research can be conducted for Langig discrimination and equal education. Currently, the most important issue is about feticide and rape, so it can be solved by research process in future and it is also time demanding. This is possible only when women raise their voice against it and become self-sufficient. All these can be made easier through vocational education in future.

Correlation with Ancient Indian Literature

There is a great difference between the ancient women's education system and the current women's education system. In ancient times, the Gurukuls were educated and obeyed their Guru's orders. But one flaw in ancient times was that only sons and daughters of kings and emperors were educated. In ancient times, even the education of women was free. They were expected to participate in Vedic mantras and recite mantras. The ancient society was not conservative to provide education to women and many of them have acquired great skill in learning. Ancient women had the same rights as men regarding education. We find references to educated women like Lopamudra, Vishvavara, Appala, Urvashi, Ghosha, Lilabati, Sulabha, Gargi and others. The modern education system is school-centered. Vocational education for women in ancient times was knowledge oriented rather than employment oriented. Women were seen as half power, women did not have to stand against men. Each male was a protector for women. But current education is a war for itself. In the present times, vocational education is a means of employment. Vocational education for women is the right to equality, freedom from gender discrimination, and a means to change the attitude of women towards men. If the correlation between these two is seen then in ancient times women used to search for truth, propagate religion and free life from difficulties. But the present education has been based on equalizing men, protecting themselves, living life.

Business Education Required

Skills and knowledge are the driving force of economic development and social development of any country. With the entry of women, the economy becomes more productive, innovative and

competitive. Recognizes the role of the Indian education system and especially vocational education. Vocational education is basically need-based and life-based education that can transform a non-skilled, inexperienced and illiterate population into women. It is common that women do not complete their studies due to many limitations and reasons. Better vocational education increases the standard of living of women. There is less dependence on men, and able to raise one's own family. Women can be financially empowered with vocational education. They can start their own business even if there is not a proper job. Improving the productivity and standard of living of women, strengthening the economy of the country, has been possible only through vocational education. Women often require different training than men as they contribute to family workers, subsistence farmers, home-based micro-entrepreneurs, or low-paid seasonal laborers, in addition to handling their household work and care giving responsibilities. Through the professional approach, the economic productivity of women is increased, which can creatively fight and win the war against poverty. Currently, vocational education is necessary for women to promote women entrepreneurs, change the trade, and challenge the global markets. Women and girls have to face problems like financial constraint and sexual harassment to get vocational education, so vocational education is not only necessary but also the demand of time.

Benefits of vocational education for women

Vocational education is the asset of our economy. There is a high demand for skilled labor in both government and business sectors. Vocational education benefits employers, students, society and the nation. Vocational education has been beneficial for women, because the way women work, the strong desire to learn, the desire to educate the family motivates them (women). Following are the benefits of vocational education for women-

- ❖ Vocational education prepares women for special employment such as interior designing, fashion designing, computer networking etc.
- ❖ Vocational education is a cheaper option that every woman can easily afford.
- ❖ Through vocational education, it is easy for trained women to find employment opportunities.
- ❖ Along with the job, vocational education is a good option to pursue a career.
- ❖ Vocational education generates skilled women manpower which is beneficial in the economic development of society and nation.
- ❖ It requires less time which is a good option for women.
- ❖ Vocational education helps women perform better.
- ❖ It makes women independent and responsible.
- ❖ Our government is not required to import foreign technicians at high salaries.
- ❖ Some vocational skills gained from vocational education teach students the importance of manual work.
- ❖ Better vocational education also attracts foreign investment and foreign exchange in the form of foreign students and foreign groups.

Results and Discussion

This paper highlights the importance of vocational education for women. Women have been considered as the driving force of economic development of the country. It describes the atrocities before and after the birth of daughters and has tried to overcome them through vocational education. The attempt to provide women with the right to equality through vocational education and abolition of gender discrimination has been done. The most important thing has been to reduce the dependence of women on men and to promote women empowerment. The results show that it is possible to solve all the problems of women through vocational education.

Conclusion

India, being a developing country, has come a long way to increase and implement vocational education. This paper describes the importance, role, necessity and benefits of vocational education in the past and present of women. By the end of the twentieth century the aim of vocational education was to focus on specific trades such as automobile mechanics or welders. Vocational education imparts skills and confidence to women and helps in achieving economic and social independence. Vocational education focuses on providing manual training to women and performing more practically. In conclusion, it can be said that education for women is an important determinant of their increased self-esteem and self-confidence. There has been an attempt to reduce male dependence. This paper focuses only on the education of women; there is no mention of their all-round development. It can be suggested that systematic and policy measures are needed to improve the technical level of women for higher productivity in employment.

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